



英語教甄詞霸計畫 March 2025 w-1

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Vocabulary Mastery Program for English Teacher Recruitment Test

15 Minutes, 20 Questions

Directions: Each question below consists of a word printed in capital letters, followed by five lettered words or phrases. Choose the lettered word or phrase that is most nearly **opposite** in meaning to the word in capital letters.

Since some of the questions require you to distinguish fine shades of meaning, be sure to consider all the choices before deciding which one is best.

1. SLOUCH

- (A) stand erect
- (B) move unhesitatingly
- (C) stretch languidly
- (D) scurry
- (E) totter

2. CLAIM

- (A) renounce
- (B) repeal
- (C) deter
- (D) hinder
- (E) postpone

3. EXPEDITE

- (A) impeach
- (B) deflect
- (C) resist
- (D) retard
- (E) remove

4. VALEDICTION

- (A) greeting
- (B) promise
- (C) accusation
- (D) denigration
- (E) aphorism

5. FACTORABLE

- (A) absorbent
- (B) magnifiable
- (C) simulated
- (D) irreducible
- (E) ambiguous

6. CONVOKE

- (A) disturb
- (B) impress
- (C) adjourn
- (D) extol
- (E) applaud

7. REND

- (A) sink
- (B) unite
- (C) find
- (D) spend
- (E) unleash

8. CONTRAVENE

- (A) condescend
- (B) embark
- (C) support
- (D) offend
- (E) amass

9. NADIR

- (A) summit
- (B) impasse
- (C) sanctuary
- (D) weak point
- (E) direct route

10. ABSTRACT

- (A) deny
- (B) organize
- (C) elaborate
- (D) deliberate
- (E) produce

Directions: For the following Text Completion questions, select **one** entry for each blank from the corresponding column of choices. Fill all blanks in the way that best completes the text.

11.	The nineteenth-century legislator Robert Barnwell Rhett was known for using language so intemperate that even in an era of considerable political, it came almost to occupy a category of its own.		
	(A) malfeasance(B) upheaval(C) hypocrisy	(D) invective (E) retrenchment	
12.	increasingly: the do	Ages, the English government became ocuments produced in the eleventh century etable, while the documents produced in the (D) prolix (E) insular	
	(C) aristocratic	(L) ilisulai	
13.	13. Some have challenged scientists who attribute the surge in amphibian deaths to habitat loss, since numerous populations have(i) in protected parks and nature reserved—even in remote wilderness areas places that are removed from humans' modern effluvium and that are presumably(ii)_ such effects.		
	Blank (i)	Blank (ii)	
	(A) rebounded	(D) preserved with	
	(B) stabilized	(E) insulated from	
	(C) declined	(F) enhanced by	
14.	Though nations no longer(i) nuclear physicists—the men and women who once delivered the destructive power of the atom bomb—physics still has the same power to(ii) but in another way, by revealing the basic truths that underpin reality.		
	Blank (i)	Blank (ii)	
	(A) compete for	(D) produce awe	
	(B) worry about	(E) incite debates	
	(C) cower before	(F) challenge orthodoxy	

15.	Those who plame the inadequacies of science education for students lac		
	of reasoning skills perpetuate their productive notion of science as		
	(i) , unique in its capacity to inoculate us against superstition and		
	ignorance. Certainly	a good science education can	(ii) habits of
	mind, but the (iii) effect of education in nonscientific, humanistic		
	subjects such as literature and history should not be underrated.		
	Blank (i)	Blank (ii)	Blank (iii)
	(A) vocational	(D) counter uncritical	(G) unforeseen
	(B) empirical	(E) discourage rigorous	(H) salutary
	(C) salvational	(F) temper creative	(I) pedestrian
16.	6. Media stories about climate regularly use spokespeople from interest		
	groups as sources, but what those individuals say is often(i), citing results from scientific research in a highly(ii) manner and(iii) the caveats that are part of a full scientific assessment.		
	Blank (i)	Blank (ii)	Blank (iii)
	(A) ingenuous	(D) erudite	(G) parsing
	(B) maladroit	(E) selective	(H) omitting
	(C) tendentious	(F) perspicuous	(I) anticipating

Directions: For the following Sentence Equivalence questions, select the **two** answer choices that, when used to complete the sentence, fit the meaning of the sentence as a whole **and** produce completed sentences that are alike in meaning.

17.	It is an ironic reversal that just those politicians who most vociferously		
	the distorting complexities	of the country's tax system are now the	
	ones embracing an agreement that worsens the mess.		
	A espoused	D eschewed	
	B disregarded	E derided	
	C lambasted	Fignored	
18.	There is very little in cultur	e: an art form or a practice (or a	
	language or an institution) can beco	me extinct in a generation if it does not	
	evolve.		
	A inertia	D stasis	
	B homogeneity	E cooperation	
	C symbiosis	F waste	
19.	Climate change without the Arctic is	a recognizedchange	
	elsewhere: around the world, ocean	levels and daily weather are	
	interconnected with the fortunes of a	a region that was, until recently, largely	
	ignored.		
	A catalyst for	D outcome of	
	B factor in	E metaphor for	
	C measure of	F index of	
20.	In spite of being one of the world's b	iggest of fossil fuels, the firm	
	has made some environmentally res	sponsible investments.	
	A buyers	D exploiters	
	B purveyors	E suppliers	
	C disparagers	F maligners	

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(2025-03-w1)

單字檢索

索引中數字前有'p'者表示**頁碼**,無則表示**題號**

A	□□ eschew, 17	□□ offend, 8
□□ absorbent, 5	□□ espouse, 17	□□ omit, 16
□□ abstract, 10	□□ expedite, 3	□□ organize, 10
□□ accusation, 4	□□ exploiter, 20	□□ orthodoxy, 14
□□ adjourn, 6	□□ extol, 6	□□ outcome of, 19
□□ amass, 8	F	
□□ ambiguous, 5	<u> </u>	<i>P</i>
□□ anticipate, 16	□□ factor in, 19	□□ parse, 16
□□ aphorism, 4	□□ factorable, 5	□□ pedestrian, 15
□□ applaud, 6	$\square\square$ find, 7	□□ perspicuous, 16
□□ aristocratic, 12	•	□□ postpone, 2
□□ awe, 14	G	□□ preserved with, 13
33 awe, 14	□□ greeting, 4	□□ produce, 10
В	— н	□□ prolix, 12
□□ buyer, 20		□□ promise, 4
== 2 day ear, =e	□□ hinder, 2	□□ purveyor, 20
C	□□ homogeneity, 18	,
□□ catalyst for, 19	☐ hypocrisy, 11	R
□□ ceremonial, 12	1	□□ rebound, 13
□□ claim, 2		□□ remove, 3
□□ compete for, 14	□□ ignore, 17	□□ rend, 7
□□ condescend, 8	□□ impasse, 9	□□ renounce, 2
□□ contravene, 8	\square impeach, 3	□□ repeal, 2
□□ convoke, 6	□□ impress, 6	□□ resist, 3
□□ cooperation, 18	□□ incite, 14	□□ retard, 3
□□ counter, 15	$\Box\Box$ index of, 19	□□ retrenchment, 11
Cower, 14	□□ inertia, 18	□□ rigorous, 15
33 cower, 14	□□ ingenuous, 16	== 11801040, 10
D	□□ insular, 12	S
□□ decline, 13	□□ insulated from, 13	□□ salutary, 15
□□ deflect, 3	$\Box\Box$ invective, 11	□□ salutary, 13
□□ deliberate, 10	□□ irreducible, 5	□□ sanctuary, 9
	L	J .
☐☐ denigration, 4☐☐ deny, 10☐		□□ scurry, 1
deride, 17	$\Box\Box$ lambaste, 17	□□ selective, 16
despotic, 12	M	□□ simulated, 5 □□ sink, 7
□□ deter, 2		
direct route, 9	□□ magnifiable, 5	□□ slouch, 1
□□ disparager, 20	□□ maladroit, 16	□□ spend, 7 □□ stabilize, 13
□□ disregard, 17	□□ malfeasance, 11	
disturb, 6	□□ maligner, 20	□□ stand erect, 1
alsturb, o	□□ measure of, 19	□□ stasis, 18
E	□□ metaphor for, 19	□□ stretch languidly, 1
□□ elaborate 10	— □□ move unhesitatingly, 1	□□ summit, 9
□□ elaborate, 10 □□ embark, 8	N	□□ supplier, 20
empirical, 15		□□ support, 8
-	□□ nadir, 9	□□ symbiosis, 18
enhanced by, 13	0	T
□□ erudite, 16	~	•

□□ temper, 15	□□ unite, 7	□□ vocational, 15
□□ tendentious, 16 □□ totter, 1	□□ unleash, 7 □□ upheaval, 11	<i>W</i>
U	V	□□ waste, 18 □□ weak point, 9
□□ unforeseen, 15	□□ valediction, 4	□□ worry about, 14